Evaluating Automated and Hybrid Neural Disambiguation for African Historical Named Entities



Introduction

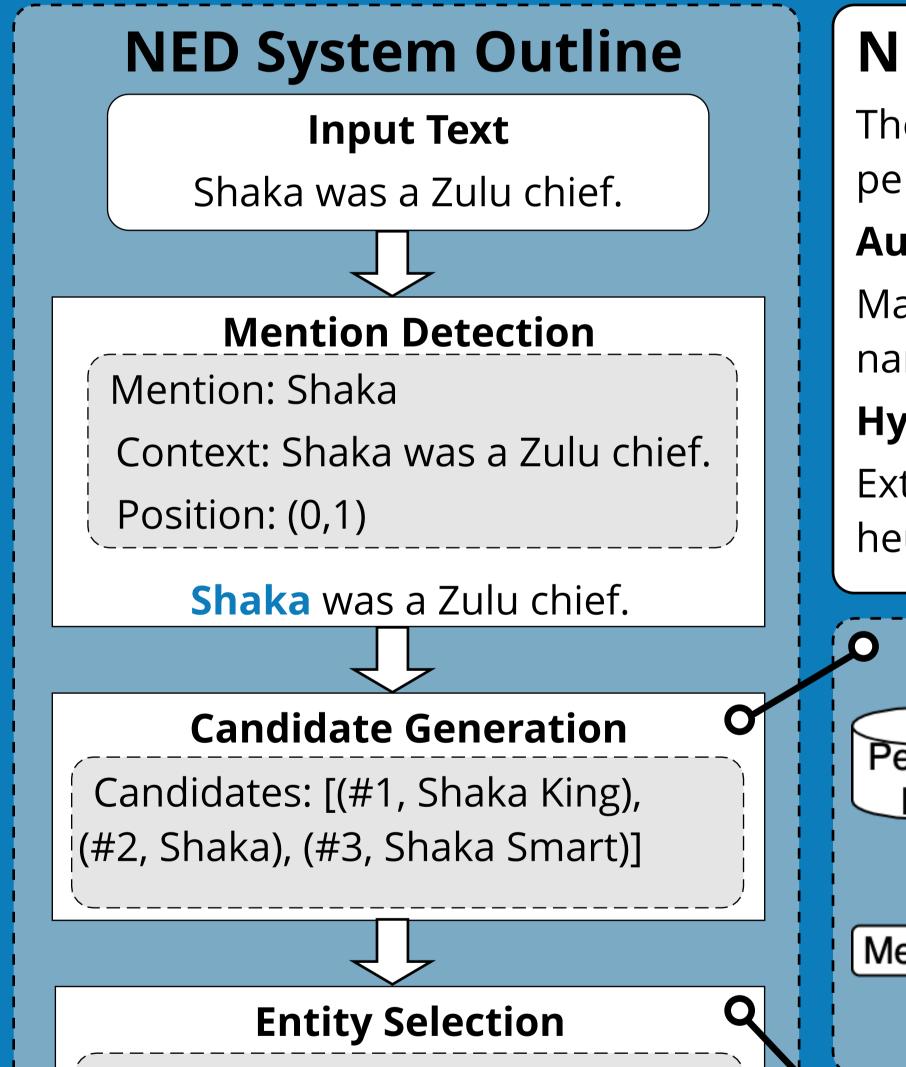
Names can be ambiguous as many people may share the same name or the same person may be referred to by different names. Ambiguous names are a particular problem within a historical South African context as different narrators of historical events often use the different names for the same person.

The 500 Year Archive (FHYA) is a collection of artifacts from the last 500 years of South African history. This project seeks to use language models (LMs) to construct a Named Entity Disambiguation (NED) system to disambiguate names appearing within historical documents within the FHYA as well as the metadata associated with each of the artifacts.

Research Questions

- How accurate are language models (LMs) for NED applied to the text from the 500 Hundred Year Archive?
- What is the effect of additional annotated data and hand-crafted features on the accuracy of the NED

model?



NED Systems

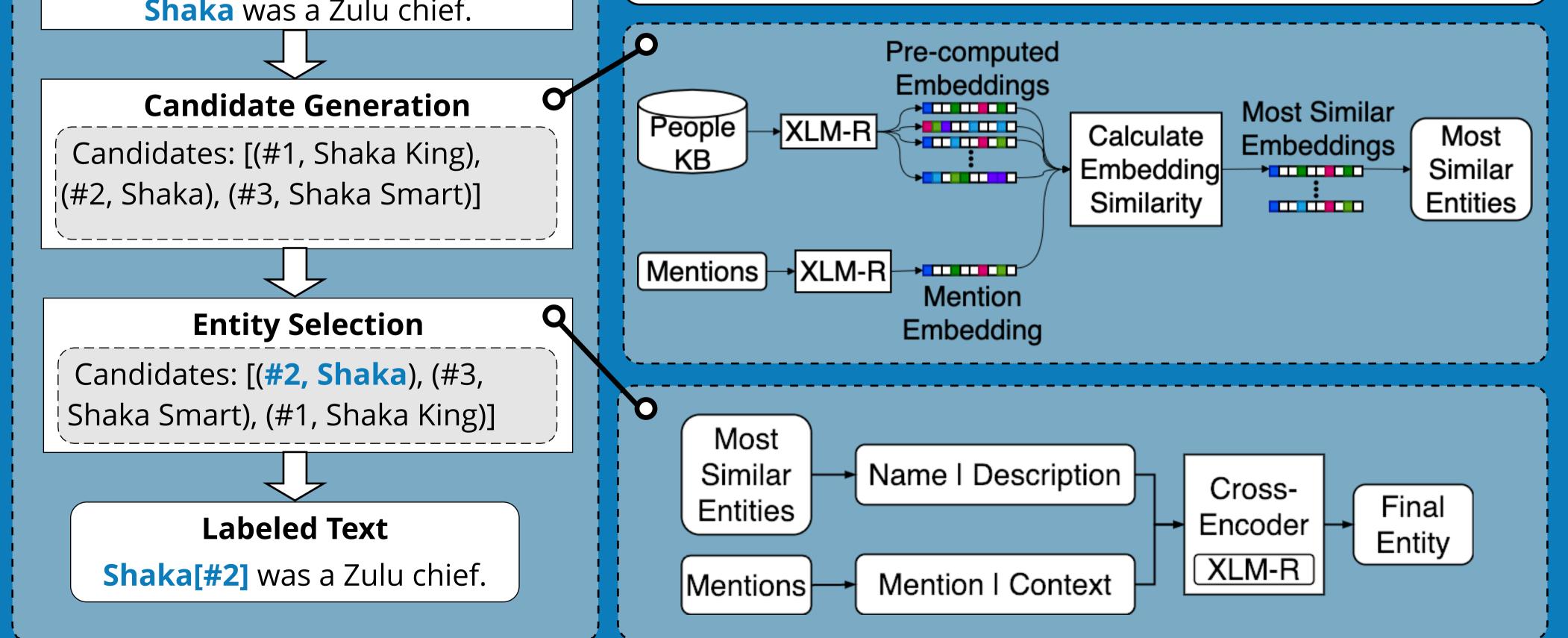
The research questions will be answered based on the performances of two NED systems:

Automatic System

Makes use of the language model XLM-R to disambiguate names taking a supervised learning approach.

Hybrid System

Extends the Automatic system by incorporating hand-crafted heuristics.





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